ATel #10641: Photometry and spectroscopy of declining Nova ASASSN-17hx, now passing at t_2

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Photometry and spectroscopy of declining Nova ASASSN-17hx, now passing at t_2		spectroscopy of declining Nova ASASSN-17hx, now passing at t_2 10636 Swift observations of Nova	

ATel #10641; U. Munari (INAF Padova), G. Traven (Univ. Ljubljana), F.-J. Hambsch, F. Castellani, A. Frigo, A. Milani, P. Valisa (ANS Collaboration), P. Ochner (Univ. Padova) on 15 Aug 2017; 09:57 UT

Credential Certification: U. Munari (ulisse.munari@oapd.inaf.it)

Subjects: Optical, Nova

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ASASSN-17hx was discovered (Atel #10524) when still >4 mag below and ~41 days before 10542 Liverpool Telescope maximum. Spectral classification and pre-maximum evolution have been reported (Atel #10527. #10558, #10572, #10613), as well as the identification in the VVVX survey of a Ks=16.7 mag star 10527 Spectral confirmation of as the likely progenitor of the nova, and recently UV observations and an upper limit to X-ray flux obtained with Swift (Atel 10636).

We are continuing an intensive monitoring on Nova ASASSN-17hx with ANS Collaboration 10523 ASAS-SN Discovery of a photometric telescopes 210 (Atacama, Chile) and 606 (Monte Baldo, Italy), and low-/highresolution spectroscopy being collected with Varese 0.6m and Asiago 1.22m and 1.82m telescopes.

8142 Near-IR observations of 3 The nova went through a broad maximum, that appears roughly symmetric in shape when viewed in bolometric optical flux, but with differences in the actual profile going from B to I bands. The peak V-band brightness was reached on July 30.1 UT at B=9.65, V=8.44, R=7.79, and I=7.05. Our last measurement of a few hours ago on Aug 14.8 UT gives B=11.04, V=10.26, R=9.07, and I=8.51, 7446 indicating that the nova is quickly approaching t 2 for the V-band. At the current decline rate, t 2 should be passed through around Aug 17.0. The maximum reported in ATel #10572 now appears as 7367 a temporary event during the rise toward the true peak. 7339

The optical spectra are still dominated by FeII, with HeI growing in intensity as the decline progresses in a normal fashion. On Aug 12.8 UT spectra, the FeII emission included lines from multiplets 27, 28, 35, 37, 38, 40, 42, 46, 48, 49, 55, 57, 73, and 74 while most prominent HeI lines were 4026, 4471, 5876, 6678, and 7065, the latter with pronounced P-Cyg absorptions as for OI 7772. The profile of Balmer lines is characterized by the presence of a sharp absorption (at heliocentric velocity -250 km/s, and FWHM ranging from 200 km/s for Halpha to 110 km/s for Hdelta), superimposed on the emission component that extends at its base from about -1000 to +1000 km/s.

The interstellar NaI D1,D2 doublet appears very complex on our highest resolution Echelle spectra, with each of the two lines identically split into at least 5 distinct components. Applying to their individual equivalent widths the calibration by Munari and Zwitter (1997, A&A 318, 269), the interstellar extinction sums up to E(B-V)=0.62, in good agreement with the E(B-V)=0.68 derived in ATel #10572 from the 6614 Ang diffuse interstellar band.

[Telegram Index]

R. E. Rutledge, Editor-in-Chief Derek Fox, Editor Mansi M. Kasliwal, Co-Editor

rrutledge@astronomerstelegram.org dfox@astronomerstelegram.org mansi@astronomerstelegram.org

Scuti 2017 10613 Spectroscopy of nova ASASSN-17hx

10572 Photometry and

Survey

17hx

17hx

novae: PNV

Sgr 2015#2)

not a He/N nova

Ophiuchi 2015 (PNV

J17291350-1846120)

Oph 2015

spectroscopy of Fell nova ASASSN-17hx, finally passing

monitoring of Nova Sct 2017 = ASASSN-17hx

17ib) detected by the VVVX

Spectroscopy of ASASSN-

galactic nova ASASSN-17hx

Possible Galactic Nova

J19215012+1509248

ASASSN-17ib on the Rise

(ASASSN-15qd), Nova Oph 2015 and V5668 Sgr (Nova

Near-IR observations of Nova

Nova Oph 2015 is a Fell and

Optical Spectroscopy of Nova

(=ASASSN-17ib) 10524 ASASSN-17ib = ASASSN-

through maximum 10558 Continuing spectroscopic

10552 The likely progenitor of Nova ASASSN-17hx (=ASASSN-